



Investor Presentation Second Quarter, 2005

April 30, 2005

1



Second Quarter Overview

Rick Waugh
President & Chief Executive Officer

2



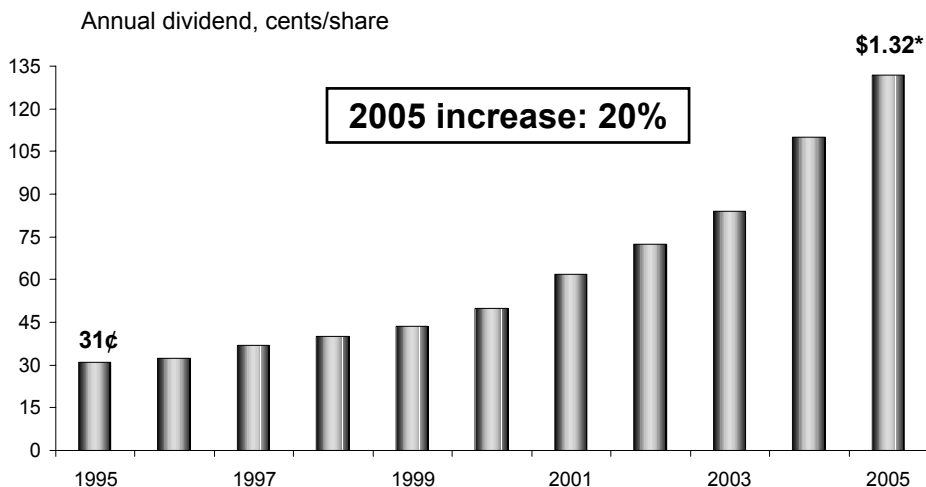
Performance highlights

- **Record earnings**
 - EPS: \$0.81 vs. \$0.75 last year
 - First half EPS up 11% vs. 2004
 - ROE: 22.3% vs. 21.8% last year
- **Earnings well diversified across business lines**
- **Improving credit quality**
 - specific provisions \$35 mm this quarter
- **Strong capital ratios**
 - Tangible Common Equity (TCE): 9.5%
- **Another Dividend Increase**
 - 2 cent increase to 34 cents/quarter effective Q3/05

3



A record of consistent dividend growth



* based on current rate

4



Meeting 2005 performance targets

	<u>Q2/05 YTD</u>		<u>Target</u>
ROE	21.6%	vs.	17-20%
EPS Growth	11%	vs.	5-10%
Productivity	55.6%	vs.	<58%

5



Performance Review

Sabi Marwah
Senior Executive Vice-President &
Chief Financial Officer

6



Items in the quarter

	\$ millions		EPS Impact (cents)
	Pre-tax	After-tax	
Securities' gains			
- Shinsei	118	97	
- Merchant banking/other losses	(35)	(23)	
	83	74	7c
Inverlat deferred tax asset	-	(14)	(1c)
Total		60	6c

7



Margins stabilizing

	Q2/05	vs. Q1/05	vs. Q2/04
Net interest margin	2.07%	7 bps	(9) bps
Canadian currency (ex AcG 13)		1	(10)
Foreign currency (ex AcG 13)		6	1
AcG 13 / Other		-	-
		7 bps	(9) bps

8



Other income

\$ millions

<u>Change Q2/05 vs. Q1/05</u>			<u>Change Q2/05 vs. Q2/04</u>	
<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>		<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>
17	2	Underlying	(75)	(6)
8		Impact of stronger Canadian dollar	(38)	
25	2	Reported	(113)	(9)
(85)		Trading revenues	20	
8		Retail brokerage	14	
(11)		Underwriting fees & other	(16)	
1		Securitization revenues	(20)	
118		Securities' gains - Shinsei	(7)	
(46)		- Other	(106)	
40		Other	2	

9



Moderate rise in expenses

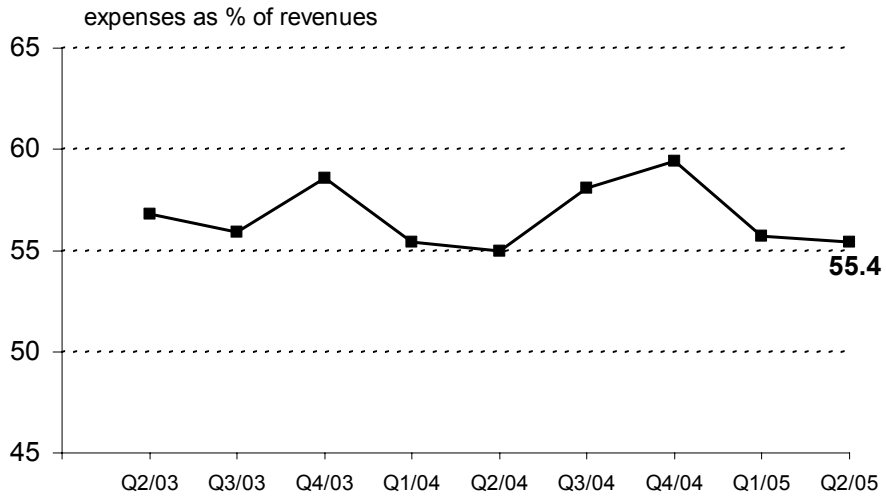
\$ millions

<u>Change Q2/05 vs. Q1/05</u>			<u>Change Q2/05 vs. Q2/04</u>	
<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>		<u>\$</u>	<u>%</u>
34	2	Underlying	(7)	-
(10)		Impact of shorter quarter	(3)	
9		Impact of stronger Canadian dollar	(23)	
33	2	Reported	(33)	(2)
9		Employee pension and benefits	(19)	
7		Capital Taxes	7	
5		Advertising and Promotion	-	
5		Technology	6	
(2)		Performance/stock-based compensation	(6)	
(6)		Appraisal & acquisition fees	(6)	
15		Other	(15)	

10



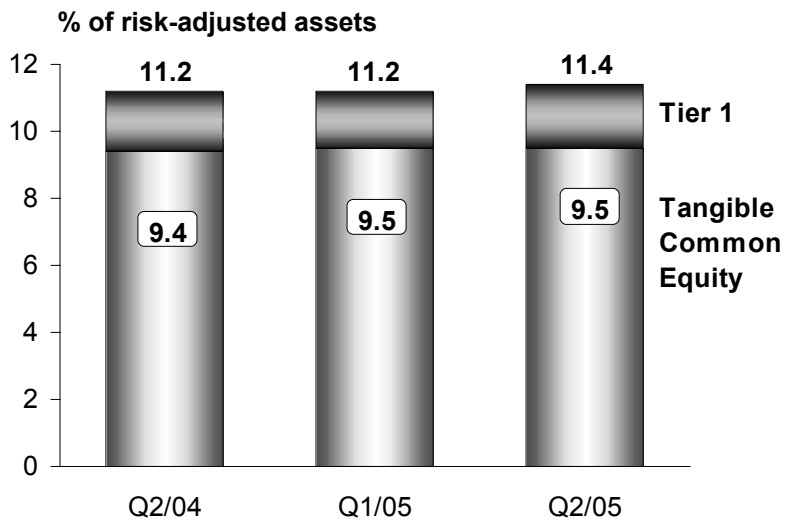
Industry-leading productivity



11



Very strong capital ratios



12



High level of unrealized securities' gains

\$ millions

	Q2/05	Q1/05	Q2/04
- Emerging Market Debt	540	575	489
- Fixed Income	28	45	-
- Equities	420	554	518
	988	1,174	1,007

13



Business Line Results

14



Business line net income summary

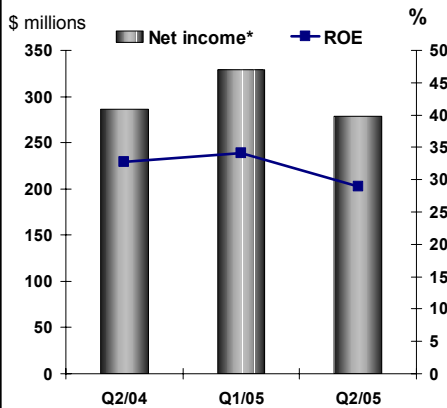
net income available to common shareholders, \$ millions

	<u>Q2/05</u>	<u>Q1/05</u>	<u>Q2/04</u>
Domestic	279	329	286
International	186	206	194
Scotia Capital	239	247	203
Other	118	2	97
Total	822	784	780

15



Domestic Banking



- **Net income of \$279 million**
 - down 2% yr/yr, 15% qtr/qtr
- **ROE of 28.9%**
- **Revenues relatively stable yr/yr**
- **Expenses rise moderately**
 - 2% increase yr/yr
 - 4% increase qtr/qtr
 - stock-based compensation
 - seasonally higher benefit costs
- **Credit quality remains strong**

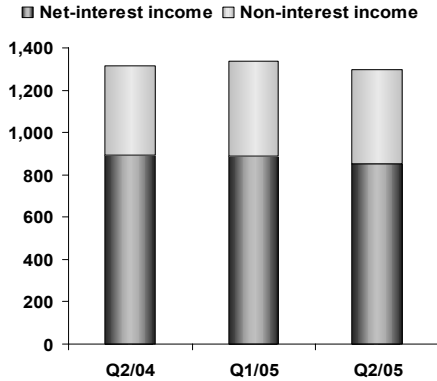
* net income available to common shareholders

16



Domestic – continued retail asset growth offset by margin compression

\$ millions



Year/Year

- Good retail asset growth
- Retail market share gains of 27 bps
- Lower interest margin
- Higher fees in several areas:
 - full-service brokerage
 - mutual funds
 - cards

Qtr/Qtr

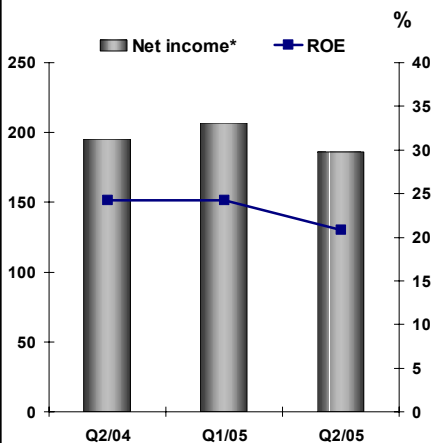
- Revenue down 3%
- 3 fewer days in quarter

17



International – foreign currency translation offsets underlying asset growth

\$ millions



- **Net income of \$186 million**
 - down 4% yr/yr, 10% qtr/qtr
 - excluding forex translation, net income rose 4% yr/yr
- **Caribbean**
 - net income down yr/yr due to higher loan losses, forex translation
- **Latin America**
 - net income up yr/yr due to strong performance at Scotiabank Inverlat

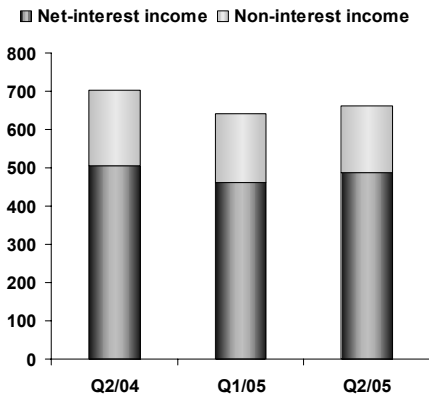
* net income available to common shareholders

18



International - stable underlying revenue trends

\$ millions



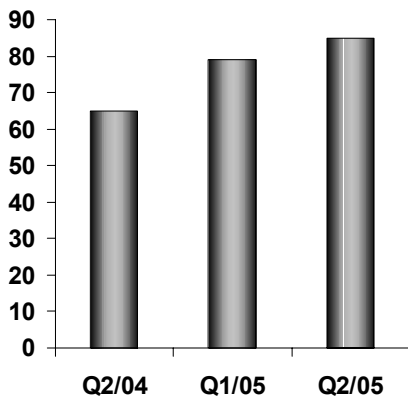
- **Total revenues stable**
 - forex translation reduced revenues by \$41 mm yr/yr
- **Net Interest Income**
 - up 6% yr/yr excluding forex translation, AcG 13
 - higher retail assets and deposits
- **Other Income**
 - down 12% yr/yr:
 - lower gains from bond sales
 - lower loan fees from Baninter acquisition in Dominican Republic
 - partly offset by higher Inverlat revenues

19



Scotiabank Inverlat – continued earnings growth

contribution, \$ millions



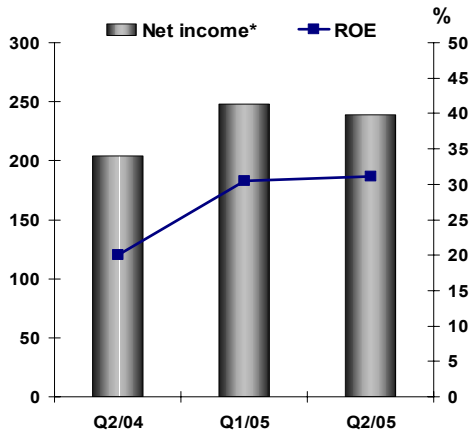
- **Contribution of \$85 million**
- **Underlying revenues up 19% yr/yr**
 - growth in retail & commercial lending
 - higher trading and retail banking fees
 - partly offset by lower margins
- **Expenses flat yr/yr**

20



Scotia Capital - another strong quarter

\$ millions



- **Net income of \$239 million**
 - up 18% yr/yr, down 3% qtr/qtr
- **ROE of 31%**
- **Lower provisions**
 - net recovery of \$57 million vs. \$9 million in Q1/05, net provisions of \$32 million in Q2/04
- **Total revenue down 3% yr/yr, up 1% qtr/qtr**
- **Expenses down yr/yr and qtr/qtr**
- **Higher effective tax rate in Q2/05**

* net income available to common shareholders

21



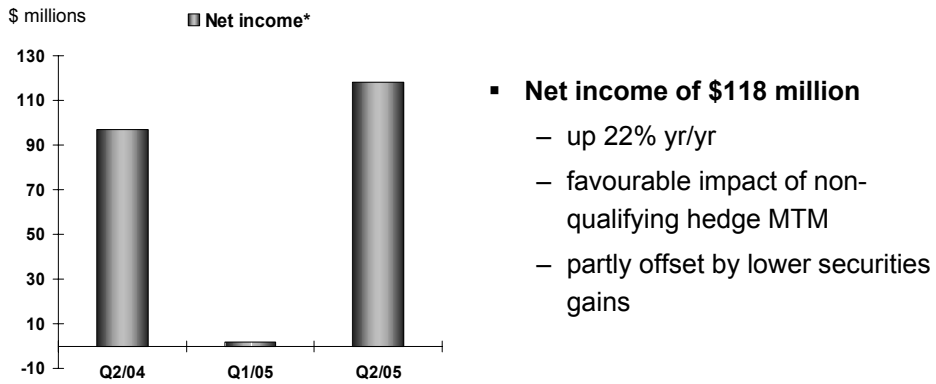
Scotia Capital – unique NAFTA platform

Leveraging Inverlat's Wholesale Banking group with Scotia Capital

- capitalize on cross-sell opportunities to multi-national and Mexican clients and position Scotia Capital to be a leading provider of wholesale banking products across entire NAFTA geography
- enhance participation in growing Mexican capital markets to better meet client needs
- increase activity in areas such as securitizations, REITS, structured deals, IPOs
- coverage of 7 broad industry groups

22

Other



* net income available to common shareholders

23

Risk Review

Warren Walker
Executive Vice-President
Global Risk Management



Credit risk overview

- **Lower gross impaired loans: \$1.9 B**
 - down \$146 mm vs. Q1/05
- **Lower net impaired loans: \$666 mm** (after specific allowance)
 - down \$96 mm vs. Q1/05
 - down \$705 mm vs. Q2/04
- **Lower specific provisions: \$35 mm**
 - down \$39 mm vs. Q1/05
 - down \$95 mm vs. Q2/04

25



Negative net formations this quarter

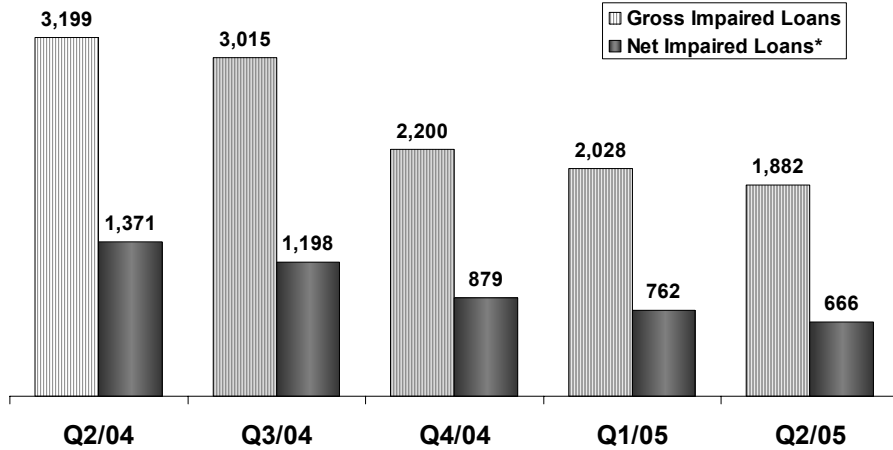
\$ millions

Domestic		
- Retail	85	
- Commercial	18	
	<hr/>	103
International		40
Scotia Capital		
- U.S.	(154)	
- Other	(8)	
	<hr/>	(162)
Total		(19)

26

 **Continuing positive trend in impaired loans**

\$ millions



* after specific allowance

27

 **Lower specific provisions**

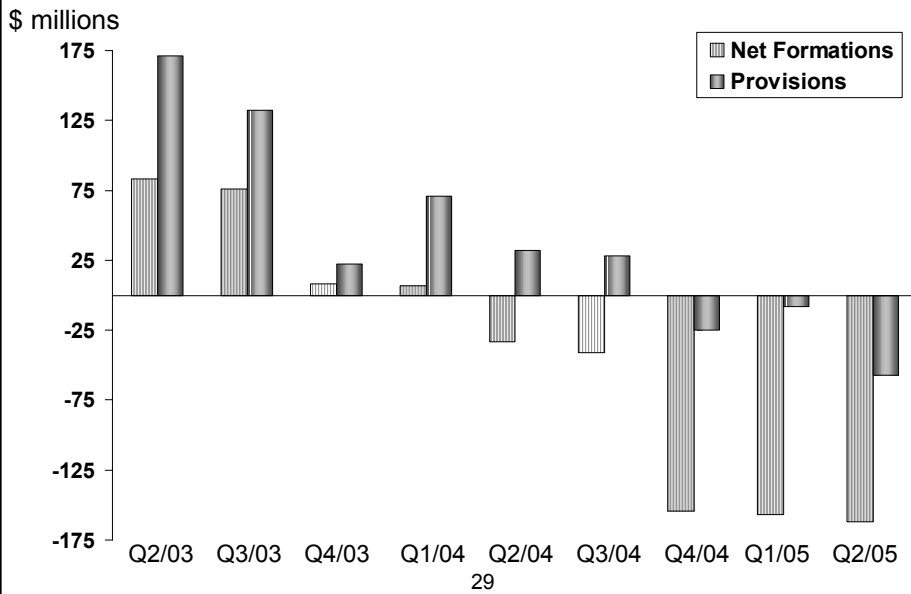
\$ millions

	<u>Q2/05</u>	<u>Q1/05</u>	<u>Q2/04</u>
Domestic:	66	76	81
International:	26	7	18
Scotia Capital:			
- Canada	-	(1)	(2)
- U.S.	(55)	(19)	18
- Europe	(2)	11	16
	(57)	(9)	32
Other	-	-	(1)
Total	35	74	130

28



Scotia Capital – positive trend in net formations and provisions



Automotive exposure

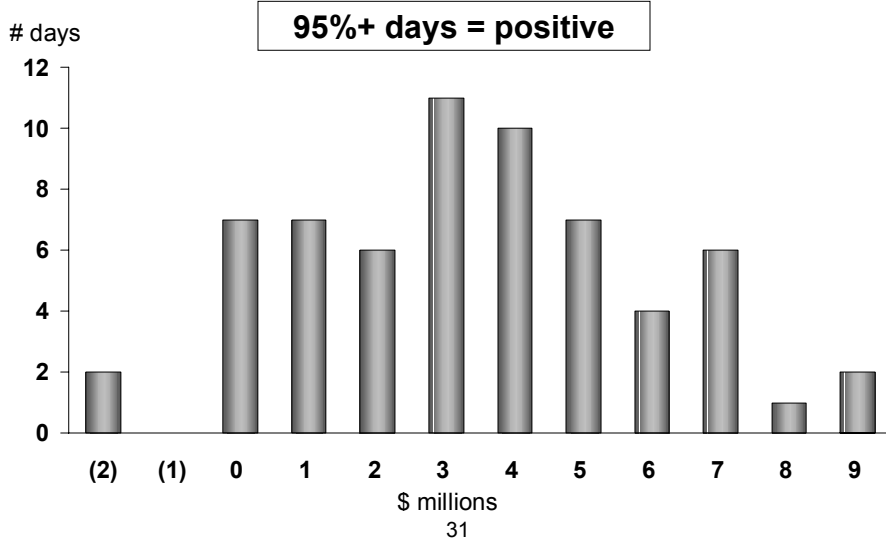
Q2/05, loans & acceptances, \$ millions

Sector	Scotia Capital	Commercial	International	Total
Original Equipment Manufacturers	7	5	192	204
Finance & Leasing	156	274	281	711
Parts Manufacturers	250	646	44	940
Dealers	29	2,280	326	2,635
Car Rental	19	-	20	39
Total	461	3,205	863	4,529



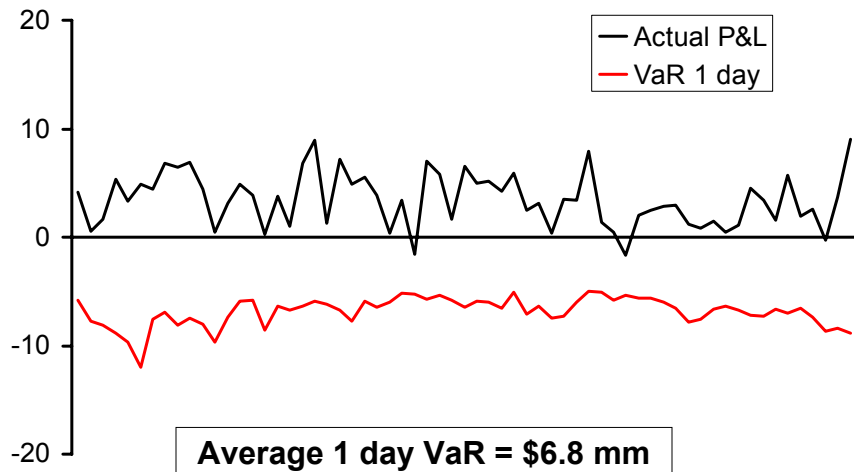
Low variability of trading revenue...

trading revenue, second quarter 2005



...reflecting moderate market risk

\$ millions, February 1, 2005 to April 30, 2005



Risk summary

- Continued improving credit performance
- Market risk well contained
- Specific provisions for credit losses to be below 2004
- Likely future reduction in general allowance

Outlook

Rick Waugh
President & Chief Executive Officer

- **Challenges remain**
 - strong Canadian dollar
 - margin compression
 - weak corporate loan demand

- **Strength from diversification**
 - 3 strong growth platforms

- **Expect to meet 2005 performance targets**

This document includes forward-looking statements which are made pursuant to the "safe harbour" provisions of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements include comments with respect to our objectives, strategies, expected financial results (including those in the area of risk management), and our outlook for our businesses and for the Canadian, U.S. and global economies. Forward-looking statements are typically identified by words or phrases such as "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "intent," "estimate," "may increase," "may fluctuate," and similar expressions of future or conditional verbs such as "will," "should," "would" and "could."

By their very nature, forward-looking statements involve numerous assumptions, inherent risks and uncertainties, both general and specific, and the risk that predictions and other forward-looking statements will not prove to be accurate. The Bank cautions readers not to place undue reliance on these statements, as a number of important factors could cause actual results to differ materially from the estimates and intentions expressed in such forward-looking statements. These factors include, but are not limited to, the economic and financial conditions in Canada and globally; fluctuations in interest rates and currency values; liquidity; the effect of changes in monetary policy; legislative and regulatory developments in Canada and elsewhere; the accuracy and completeness of information the Bank receives on customers and counterparties; the timely development and introduction of new products and services; the Bank's ability to complete and integrate acquisitions; the Bank's ability to attract and retain key executives; reliance on third parties to provide components of the Bank's business infrastructure; unexpected changes in consumer spending and saving habits; technological developments; consolidation in the Canadian financial services sector; changes in tax laws; competition; judicial and regulatory proceedings; acts of God, such as earthquakes; the possible impact of international conflicts and other developments, including terrorist acts and war on terrorism; and the Bank's anticipation of and success in managing the risks implied by the foregoing. A substantial amount of the Bank's business involves making loans or otherwise committing resources to specific companies, industries or countries. Unforeseen events affecting such borrowers, industries or countries could have a material adverse effect on the Bank's financial results, businesses, financial condition or liquidity. These and other factors may cause the Bank's actual performance to differ materially from that contemplated by forward looking statements.

The Bank cautions that the foregoing list of important factors is not exhaustive. When relying on forward looking statements to make decisions with respect to the Bank, investors and others should carefully consider the foregoing factors, other uncertainties and potential events. The Bank does not undertake to update any forward-looking statements, whether written or oral, that may be made from time to time by or on behalf of the Bank.