Scotiabank.

GLOBAL ECONOMICS

SCOTIABANK'S FORECAST TABLES

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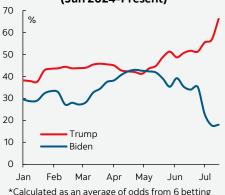
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Chart 1

US Presidential Election Betting Odds (Jan 2024-Present)

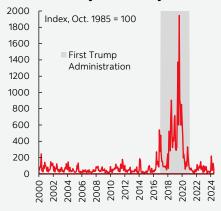


*Calculated as an average of odds from 6 betting sites.

Sources: Scotiabank Economics. Real Clear Polling.

Chart 2

Trade Policy Uncertainty Index



Sources: Scotiabank Economics, PolicyUncertainty.com

More Clarity, for the Time Being...

- Further rate cuts in Canada this year a certainty while we continue to believe that the Federal Reserve will cut in September.
- Economic data have come in largely as expected so our forecasts remain largely unchanged. Lower interest rates will provide a mild boost to economic growth later this year, but the full impact of rate cuts will take time to materialize given the lags of monetary policy.
- Clarity on interest rates and the outlook over the next few months may be fleeting.
 The results of the US election risk muddying the outlook substantially.

The long-awaited rate cuts are finally underway in Canada and are likely to start in the United States in September. These will eventually provide relief to the interest rate sensitive parts of the economy and may also lift business and household sentiment. These rate cuts are occurring in the context of slow, but still-positive growth, and solid progress on inflation management even though there remain substantial risks of higher inflation (linked to the sharp rise in global shipping costs and rapid wage growth and low productivity in Canada). We remain comfortable with our view that policy rates will fall by another 75 basis points in Canada this year and that the Federal Reserve will cut its policy rate by at least 50 basis points starting in September. Moreover, economic data have come in roughly as expected over the last several months, leading to only minor tweaks to the outlook for growth. All told, this forecast update is largely similar to our previous forecast. In this sense, the stability in our forecast combined with more certainty on the interest rate path suggest greater clarity in the outlook for the next several months.

This period of clarity may well come to a crashing stop following the results of the US election. A win by former President Trump, as currently seems likely (chart 1), risks muddying the outlook in a number of ways. He is almost certain to lower corporate taxes and reduce regulation. That would provide a short-term boost to growth and markets while further imperiling US fiscal solvency. He has spoken extensively about his plans to raise tariffs on all imports coming into the US (see chart 2 for the impact his much tamer trade policies had on uncertainty in his first term as President). His VP nominee, along with a number of other advisors, seem to be proponents of a weak dollar policy, which could lead to efforts to devalue the US dollar. As impractical as this may sound, Republicans have been ramping up the rhetoric around the deportation of illegal immigrants. Most recently, Mr. Trump has again signalled some hesitance to support Taiwan. With the exception of lower taxes and less regulation, these developments would all be destabilizing and inject significant downside uncertainty to the outlook. There is of course much uncertainty around what policies a second Trump Administration might pursue. If limited to tax cuts and deregulation there may well be a sizeable boost to growth. Layering on other policies would likely erode all of these gains over time. While there is uncertainty about the net impact of policies on the economy, there is no doubt that all the policies currently being contemplated are inflationary. A second Trump Administration would require upward revisions to inflation forecasts and possibly slower (and less) rate cuts. As should be evident by now, the path beyond the US election is about as clear as mud.

If current polling trends persist, we will adjust our forecasts in September to reflect an anticipated Trump victory.



	2010–19	2021	2022	2023	2024f	2025f	2010–19	2021	2022	2023	2024f	202
			Real G	iDP				(Consumer	Prices		
		(a	nnual %	change)			(an	nual aver	age % cha	inge, unle	ess noted)	
World (based on purchasing power parity)	3.7	6.5	3.5	3.3	3.1	3.0						
Canada	2.2	5.3	3.8	1.2	1.2	2.0	1.6	3.4	6.8	3.9	2.6	2
United States	2.4	5.8	1.9	2.5	2.4	1.8	1.8	4.7	8.0	4.1	3.0	2
Mexico	2.3	6.0	3.7	3.2	2.0	1.6	4.0	5.7	7.9	5.5	4.7	3
United Kingdom	2.0	8.7	4.3	0.1	1.0	1.3	2.2	2.6	9.1	7.3	2.5	2
Eurozone	1.4	5.9	3.5	0.6	0.7	1.4	1.4	2.6	8.4	5.4	2.4	2
Germany	2.0	3.1	1.9	0.0	0.3	1.4	1.4	3.2	8.7	3.0	2.4	2
France	1.4	6.8	2.6	1.1	0.8	1.2	1.3	2.1	5.9	5.7	2.5	2
China	7.7	8.4	3.0	5.3	5.0	4.5	2.6	0.9	1.9	0.3	0.6	
India	7.1	9.7	7.0	8.2	7.0	6.7	6.5	5.1	6.7	5.7	4.5	4
Japan	1.2	2.7	1.2	1.9	0.2	1.2	0.5	-0.3	2.5	3.3	2.4	1
South Korea	3.5	4.6	2.7	1.4	2.5	2.2	1.7	2.5	5.1	3.6	2.5	2
Australia	2.6	5.5	3.9	2.0	1.3	2.2	2.1	2.8	6.6	5.6	3.4	2
Thailand	3.6	1.6	2.5	1.9	2.6	3.2	1.6	1.2	6.1	1.3	0.8	1
Brazil	1.4	4.8	3.0	2.9	2.1	2.0	5.8	8.3	9.3	4.5	4.0	3
Colombia	3.7	10.8	7.3	0.6	1.5	2.9	3.7	3.5	10.2	11.8	6.8	3
Peru	4.5	13.4	2.7	-0.6	3.0	2.5	2.8	4.0	7.9	6.3	2.4	2
Chile	3.3	11.3	2.1	0.2	2.7	2.5	3.0	4.5	11.6	7.3	3.7	4
ommodities												
		(;	annual a	verage)								
/TI Oil (USD/bbl)	74	68	95	78	80	75						
rent Oil (USD/bbl)	82	70	101	83	85	80						
/CS - WTI Discount (USD/bbl)	-18	-14	-21	-19	-16	-14						
ymex Natural Gas (USD/mmbtu)	3.39	3.85	6.61	2.73	2.57	3.75						
opper (USD/lb)	3.10	4.23	4.00	3.85	4.50	5.00						
inc (USD/lb)	1.02	1.36	1.58	1.20	1.25	1.25						
ickel (USD/lb)	7.00	8.37	11.66	9.75	8.50	8.50						
on Ore (USD/tonne)	101	160	121	120	110	90						
etallurgical Coal (USD/tonne)	179	204	372	288	263	225						
old, (USD/oz)	1,342	1,799	1,803	1,943	2,200	2,200						
ilver, (USD/oz)	21.64	25.15	21.80	23.38	26.00	26.00						

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North America	2010–19	2021	2022	2023	2024f	2025f	2010–19	2021	2022	2023	2024f	2025
	2010-19	2021	Canad		20241	20231	2010-19	2021	United S		20241	2025
		(appual 9	canac change %		atad)			(annual	% change		otod)	
		•			•							
Real GDP	2.2	5.3	3.8	1.2	1.2	2.0	2.4	5.8	1.9	2.5	2.4	1.
Consumer spending	2.5	5.1	5.1	1.7	1.4	1.5	2.3	8.4	2.5	2.2	2.2	1.
Residential investment	2.4	14.6	-12.0	-10.2	2.5	4.6	4.7	10.7	-9.0	-10.6	4.7	1
Business investment*	3.0	9.1	4.3	-0.6	-1.9	4.0	5.6	5.9	5.2	4.5	3.9	2
Government	1.1	4.6	3.3	2.1	2.4	2.2	0.2	-0.3	-0.9	4.1	2.1	0
Exports	3.5	2.7	3.2	5.4	2.2	1.1	3.9	6.3	7.0	2.6	3.8	3
Imports	3.7	8.1	7.6	0.9	1.1	1.3	4.3	14.5	8.6	-1.7	3.2	0
Inventories, contribution to annual GDP growth	0.1	0.7	2.3	-0.7	-0.6	-0.1	0.1	0.2	0.5	-0.4	-0.2	-O
Nominal GDP	4.0	13.4	11.8	2.8	4.4	3.9	4.0	10.7	9.1	6.3	4.6	3
GDP deflator	1.7	7.7	7.7	1.5	3.2	1.9	1.6	4.6	7.1	3.6	2.2	1
Consumer price index (CPI)	1.6	3.4	6.8	3.9	2.6	2.2	1.8	4.7	8.0	4.1	3.0	2
Core inflation rate**	1.7	2.8	5.0	3.9	2.7	2.2	1.6	3.6	5.2	4.1	2.6	2
Pre-tax corporate profits	6.3	33.2	14.7	-17.4	-4.4	10.3	5.9	22.6	9.8	0.6	3.0	2
Employment	1.3	5.0	4.0	2.4	1.8	1.1	1.4	2.9	4.3	2.3	1.6	1
Unemployment rate (%)	6.9	7.5	5.3	5.4	6.3	6.6	6.2	5.4	3.6	3.6	4.0	4
Current account balance (CAD, USD bn)	-56.9	0.4	-10.3	-21.0	-17.1	-30.4	-407	-868	-1012	-905	-926	-84
Merchandise trade balance (CAD, USD bn)	-13.6	2.5	19.7	-1.9	-0.3	-11.1	-763	-1083	-1180	-1063	-1107	-107
Federal budget balance (FY, CAD, USD bn) ***	-18.7	-90.2	-35.3	-40.0	-39.8	-38.9	-829	-2,775	-1,376	-1,695	-1,476	-1,69
percent of GDP	-1.0	-3.6	-1.3	-1.4	-1.3	-1.2	-4.8	-11.8	-5.3	-6.2	-5.2	-5
Housing starts (000s, mn)	201	271	262	240	248	257	0.99	1.60	1.55	1.42	1.37	1.3
Motor vehicle sales (000s, mn)	1,816	1.663	1,523	1.684	1,755	1.799	15.7	14.9	13.8	15.5	15.7	16
Industrial production	2.4	5.0	3.9	-0.7	-0.1	2.2	1.7	4.4	3.4	0.2	0.3	1
			Mexic	0								
		(a	nnual % d	change)								
Real GDP	2.3	6.0	3.7	3.2	2.0	1.6						
Consumer price index	4.0	5.7	7.9	5.5	4.7	3.9						
Unemployment rate (%)	4.4	4.1	3.3	2.8	2.9	3.4						

 $Sources: Scotiabank\ Economics, Statistics\ Canada,\ CMHC,\ BEA,\ BLS,\ Bloomberg.\ *For\ Canada\ it\ includes\ capital\ expenditures\ by\ businesses\ and\ non-profit\ institutions.$

 $For ecast\ Tables, Canadian\ Federal\ and\ Provincial\ Budget\ Balances\ for\ FY2020/21\ are\ noted\ in\ calendar\ year\ 2020,\ FY2021/22\ in\ calendar\ year\ 2021.$

	2022	022 2023					2024			2025			
Canada	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2e	Q3f	Q4f	Q1f	Q2f	Q3f	Q41
Real GDP (q/q ann. % change)	-0.9	3.4	0.7	-0.3	0.1	1.7	1.6	2.2	2.2	1.8	1.9	2.3	2.1
Real GDP (y/y % change)	2.2	2.0	1.3	0.7	1.0	0.5	0.8	1.4	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Consumer prices (y/y % change)	6.7	5.1	3.5	3.7	3.2	2.8	2.7	2.3	2.6	2.5	2.0	2.2	2.1
Average of the BoC core CPI (y/y % change)*	5.3	4.7	3.8	3.7	3.4	3.1	2.8	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.0
CPIXFET (y/y % change)**	5.4	4.8	4.0	3.4	3.4	2.9	2.8	2.5	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.0	2.0
Unemployment Rate (%)	5.1	5.1	5.3	5.5	5.8	5.9	6.2	6.5	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.6	6.5
United States													
Real GDP (q/q ann. % change)	2.6	2.2	2.1	4.9	3.4	1.4	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
Real GDP (y/y % change)	0.7	1.7	2.4	2.9	3.1	2.9	2.9	2.1	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
Consumer prices (y/y % change)	7.1	5.7	4.0	3.6	3.2	3.2	3.2	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.6	2.3	2.2
Total PCE deflator (y/y % change)	5.9	5.0	3.9	3.3	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.3	2.0	2.0
Core PCE deflator (y/y % change)	5.1	4.8	4.6	3.8	3.2	2.9	2.7	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.3	2.1	2.1
Unemployment Rate (%)	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.8	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.1

^{**} US: core PCE deflator; Canada: average of 2 core measures published by the BoC. *** In order to align with US reporting, as of the August 2020 issue of Scotiabank's

Central Bank Rates													
	2022		2023				2024				2029		
	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3f	Q4f	Q1f	Q2f	Q3f	(
mericas						,	of period)						
ank of Canada	4.25	4.50	4.75	5.00	5.00	5.00	4.75	4.25	4.00	3.75	3.50	3.25	3
S Federal Reserve (upper bound)	4.50	5.00	5.25	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.50	5.25	5.00	4.50	4.00	3.50	3
ank of Mexico	10.50	11.25	11.25	11.25	11.25	11.00	11.00	10.75	10.50	10.00	9.50	8.75	8
entral Bank of Brazil	13.75	13.75	13.75	12.75	11.75	10.75	10.50	10.50	10.50	10.50	10.00	9.75	9
ank of the Republic of Colombia	12.00	13.00	13.25	13.25	13.00	12.25	11.25	10.00	8.50	7.00	5.50	5.50	
entral Reserve Bank of Peru	7.50	7.75	7.75	7.50	6.75	6.25	5.75	5.50	5.00	4.75	4.50	4.25	
entral Bank of Chile	11.25	11.25	11.25	9.50	8.25	7.25	5.75	5.50	5.25	5.00	4.75	4.50	
ırope													
-	2.50	2.50	4.00	4.50	4.50	4.50	4.25	2.65	2.40	2.15	2.00	2.65	
uropean Central Bank MRO Rate uropean Central Bank Deposit Rate	2.50 2.00	3.50 3.00	4.00 3.50	4.50 4.00	4.50 4.00	4.50 4.00	4.25 3.75	3.65 3.50	3.40 3.25	3.15 3.00	2.90 2.75	2.65 2.50	
ank of England	3.50	4.25	5.00	5.25	5.25	5.25	5.25	5.00	4.50	4.25	3.75	3.50	
•	3.30	4.23	5.00	5.25	5.25	5.25	5.25	5.00	4.50	4.23	3.73	3.30	
sia/Oceania													
eserve Bank of Australia	3.10	3.60	4.10	4.10	4.35	4.35	4.35	4.35	4.10	3.85	3.60	3.35	
ank of Japan	-0.10	-0.10	-0.10	-0.10	-0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25	0.25	0.50	
eople's Bank of China	2.75	2.75	2.65	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.40	2.30	2.20	2.10	2.10	
eserve Bank of India	6.25	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.50	6.25	6.00	5.75	5.75	
ank of Korea	3.25	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.25	3.00	2.75	2.50	
ank of Thailand	1.25	1.75	2.00	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.25	2.25	2.00	2.00	
urrencies and Interest Rate	es												
mericas						(end o	f period)						
anadian dollar (USDCAD)	1.36	1.35	1.32	1.36	1.32	1.35	1.37	1.38	1.36	1.34	1.32	1.32	
anadian dollar (CADUSD)	0.74	0.74	0.76	0.74	0.76	0.74	0.73	0.72	0.74	0.75	0.76	0.76	
lexican peso (USDMXN)	19.50	18.05	17.12	17.42	16.97	16.56	18.32	18.80	18.90	19.50	19.60	19.80	2
razilian real (USDBRL)	5.28	5.06	4.79	5.03	4.86	5.01	5.59	5.31	5.25	5.22	5.18	5.18	
olombian peso (USDCOP)	5.26 4,853	4,623	4.79 4,172	5.03 4,067	3,855	3,852	5.59 4,153	4,102	5.25 4,116	5.22 4,120	4,125	5.16 4,140	4
eruvian sol (USDPEN)	3.81	3.76	3.63	3.78	3,033	3,032	3.84	3.80	3.75	3.75	3.75	3.80	•
hilean peso (USDCLP)	851	795	802	892	879	979	940	900	870	3.73 870	870	870	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	031	795	002	092	0/9	979	940	900	670	670	670	670	
urope													
uro (EURUSD)	1.07	1.08	1.09	1.06	1.10	1.08	1.07	1.07	1.09	1.11	1.11	1.15	
K pound (GBPUSD)	1.21	1.23	1.27	1.22	1.27	1.26	1.26	1.25	1.27	1.29	1.29	1.31	
sia/Oceania													
•	121	122	111	140	1.11	151	101	150	150	145	145	140	
apanese yen (USDJPY)	131	133	144	149	141	151	161	150	150	145	145	140	
ustralian dollar (AUDUSD) hinese yuan (USDCNY)	0.68 6.90	0.67 6.87	0.67	0.64	0.68	0.65 7.22	0.67 7.27	0.68	0.68	0.70 7.20	0.70 7.16	0.72 7.13	
ninese yuan (OSDCNY) ndian rupee (USDINR)	6.90 82.7	6.87 82.2	7.25 82.0	7.30 83.0	7.10 83.2	7.22 83.4	7.27 83.4	7.27 83.5	7.24 83.4	7.20 83.3	7.16 83.2	7.13 83.1	
outh Korean won (USDKRW)	1,265	62.2 1,302	1,318	1,349	65.2 1,288	63.4 1347	63.4 1377	65.5 1364	03.4 1350	03.3 1335	03.2 1321	1309	
hai baht (USDTHB)	34.6	34.2	35.5	36.4	34.1	36.4	36.7	36.7	36.4	36.0	35.7	35.5	
	54.0	34. <u>Z</u>	33.3	30.4	54.1	30.4	30.7	30.7	30.4	30.0	33.7	55.5	
anada (Yields, %)													
-month T-bill	4.32	4.42	4.91	5.11	5.03	4.95	4.64	4.05	3.70	3.55	3.30	3.20	
-year Canada	4.05	3.73	4.58	4.87	3.89	4.18	3.99	3.75	3.60	3.50	3.40	3.40	
-year Canada	3.41	3.02	3.68	4.25	3.17	3.53	3.51	3.40	3.45	3.50	3.50	3.50	
)-year Canada	3.30	2.90	3.27	4.02	3.11	3.47	3.50	3.40	3.50	3.60	3.60	3.60	
O-year Canada	3.28	3.00	3.09	3.81	3.03	3.35	3.39	3.35	3.40	3.50	3.50	3.50	
nited States (Yields, %)													
month T-bill	4.41	4.80	5.31	5.46	5.35	5.40	5.20	4.95	4.60	4.10	3.65	3.40	
year Treasury	4.43	4.03	4.90	5.04	4.25	4.62	4.75	4.30	4.10	3.75	3.60	3.60	
year Treasury	4.00	3.57	4.16	4.61	3.85	4.02	4.73	4.25	4.20	4.15	4.05	3.95	
										1			
D-year Treasury	3.88	3.47	3.84	4.57	3.88	4.20	4.40	4.30	4.35	4.20	4.10	4.10	

The Provinces											
					(annual %	change exc	ept where no	oted)			
Real GDP	CA	NL	PE	NS	NB	QC	ON	МВ	SK	АВ	В
2010–19	2.2	1.1	2.1	1.2	0.7	1.9	2.3	2.2	2.3	2.6	2
021	5.3	1.1	8.4	5.9	5.3	6.7	2.3 5.4	1.3	-0.7	4.6	7
022	3.8	-1.7	2.9	2.9	1.1	2.5	3.4	3.3	6.0	5.0	3
023e	1.2	-1.7	2.9	1.3	1.3	0.0	1.2	1.3	1.6	2.2	1
024f	1.2	-2.5 1.8	2.2	1.3	1.3 1.1	0.0	1.2	1.3 1.2	1.0	2.2	
025f	2.0	2.6	2.0	1.6	1.4	1.7		2.0	2.1	2.1	2
	2.0	2.0	2.2	1.0	1.4	1.7	2.0	2.0	Z. I	2.4	4
lominal GDP											
010–19	4.0	3.7	4.2	3.0	2.8	3.8	4.1	3.9	3.5	3.7	4
021	13.4	18.5	14.9	10.0	10.9	11.6	9.8	9.2	13.9	24.9	15
022	11.8	6.8	9.3	7.1	7.4	8.4	9.2	8.6	29.1	22.0	1
023e	2.8	-3.7	5.1	4.3	4.0	3.7	4.3	4.1	-1.2	-2.3	4
024f	4.4	5.7	5.0	4.0	4.0	3.6	3.9	3.8	6.0	6.4	4
025f	3.9	3.5	4.6	3.5	3.5	3.8	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.6	4
mployment											
•	4.3	0.0	4 -	0.3	0.0	12	4.4	10	0.0	4.3	
010–19	1.3	0.6	1.5	0.3	0.0	1.2	1.4	1.0	0.9	1.3	2
021	5.0	3.4	4.0	5.6	3.1	4.3	5.2	3.7	2.6	5.4	(
022	4.0	4.4	5.4	3.6	2.8	3.0	4.6	3.2	3.5	5.2	3
023	2.4	1.8	5.7	2.6	3.5	2.3	2.4	2.5	1.8	3.6	
024f	1.8	2.4	4.3	2.7	2.4	0.8	1.3	1.9	1.9	2.9	
025f	1.1	0.8	2.4	1.4	1.4	0.9	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.8	
Inemployment Rate (%)											
010–19	6.9	13.3	10.6	8.7	9.4	7.1	7.0	5.6	5.3	6.2	6
021	7.5	13.1	9.8	8.6	9.2	6.1	8.1	6.5	6.6	8.6	6
022	5.3	11.3	7.6	6.5	7.2	4.3	5.6	4.6	4.7	5.8	2
023	5.4	10.0	7.3	6.3	6.6	4.5	5.7	4.8	4.8	5.9	į
1024f	6.3	10.3	7.9	7.2	7.6	5.2	6.8	5.4	5.5	6.5	5
2025f	6.6	10.8	8.6	7.7	8.0	5.5	7.1	5.8	5.9	7.0	
Total CPI, annual average	0.0	.0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	· · ·	0.0	0.0	7.0	
		2.0	4.0	4-	4.0					4-	
2010-19	1.6	2.0	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.5	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.7	
021	3.4	3.7	5.1	4.1	3.8	3.8	3.5	3.2	2.6	3.2	2
022	6.8	6.4	8.9	7.5	7.3	6.7	6.8	7.9	6.6	6.5	6
2023	3.9	3.3	2.9	4.0	3.5	4.5	3.8	3.6	3.9	3.3	4
2024f	2.6	2.5	2.3	2.7	2.4	2.9	2.6	1.6	1.8	2.8	2
2025f	2.2	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.3	
lousing Starts (units, 000s)											
2010–19	201	2.2	0.8	4.2	2.7	44	70	6.6	6.0	31	
021	271	1.0	1.3	6.0	3.8	68	100	8.0	4.2	32	
2022	262	2.7	1.2	5.2	3.7	41	87	3.5	2.6	41	
2023	240	1.0	1.1	7.2	4.5	39	89	7.1	4.6	36	į
1024f	248	1.7	1.1	7.4	4.6	47	85	7.3	4.5	39	
2025f	257	2.1	1.1	6.5	4.2	53	89	7.9	5.7	39	
							-				
Motor Vehicle Sales (units, 000s)		_									
2010–19	1,816	33	7	52	42	441	738	56	54	239	19
021	1,663	29	8	45	38	413	667	50	43	197	2
022	1,523	25	7	39	35	372	642	46	42	184	1
023	1,684	27	8	42	38	412	720	50	45	210	2
024f	1,755	28	8	45	38	415	720	51	45	204	2
025f	1,799	29	8	46	39	425	738	52	46	209	20
udget Balances, (CAD mn)											
.020	-327,729	-1,492	-6	-342	409	-7,539	-16,404	-2,124	-1,127	-16,962	E F
.020 .021		-1,492 -272	-6 84	-342 339		-7,539 -772		-2,124 -704			-5,50 1.2
	-90,200				769 1.013	1	2,025		-1,468 1 F 01	3,915	1,2
2022	-35,322	784	-66	116	1,013	-6,150	-5,863	-378 1007	1,581	11,641	7
2023e	-40,003	-433	-86	40	247	-6,302	-3,000	-1,997	-483	5,234	-5,9

^{*} NL budget balance in 2019 is net of one-time revenue boost via $\textit{Atlantic}\ \textit{Accord}\ .$

Sources: Scotiabank Economics, Statistics Canada, CMHC, Budget documents; Quebec budget balance figures are after Generations Fund and before Stabilization Reserve transfers.

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